

Nebraska Risk and Protective Factor Student Survey Results for 2023

Profile Report: BUTLER COUNTY

Sponsored by:

Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services

Division of Behavioral Health

Administered by:

Bureau of Sociological Research University of Nebraska-Lincoln

NRPFSS is part of the Student Health and Risk Prevention (SHARP) Surveillance System that administers surveys to youth enrolled in Nebraska schools

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Introduction and Overview

This report summarizes the findings from the 2023 Nebraska Risk and Protective Factor Student Survey (NRPFSS). The 2023 survey represents the tenth implementation of the NRPFSS and the seventh implementation of the survey under the Nebraska Student Health and Risk Prevention (SHARP) Surveillance System. SHARP consists of the coordinated administration of three school-based student health surveys in Nebraska, including the NRPFSS, the Youth Risk Behavior Survey (YRBS), and the Youth Tobacco Survey (YTS). The Nebraska SHARP Surveillance System is administered by the Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services and the Nebraska Department of Education through a contract with the Bureau of Sociological Research at the University of Nebraska-Lincoln. For more information on the Nebraska SHARP Surveillance System please visit https://bosr.unl.edu/sharp/.

As a result of the creation of SHARP and its inclusion of the NRPFSS, the administration schedule shifted from the fall of odd calendar years to the fall of even calendar years. The first three administrations of the NRPFSS occurred during the fall of 2003, 2005, and 2007, while the fourth administration occurred during the fall of 2010, leaving a three-year gap (rather than the usual two-year gap) between the most recent administrations. The 2012, 2014, 2016, and 2018 administrations also occurred during the fall. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the 2020 administration was postponed to 2021, again leaving a three-year gap. The 2023 administration occurred during the fall. All future administrations take place during the fall of odd calendar years as well (i.e., every two years).

The NRPFSS targets Nebraska students in grades 8, 10, and 12 with a goal of providing schools and communities with local-level data. As a result, the NRPFSS is implemented as a census survey, meaning that every public and non-public school with an eligible grade can choose to participate. Therefore, data presented in this report are not to be considered a representative statewide sample. The survey is designed to assess adolescent substance use, delinquent behavior, and many of the risk and protective measures that predict adolescent problem behaviors. The NRPFSS is adapted from national, scientifically-validated surveys and contains information on risk and protective measures that are locally actionable. These risk and protective measures are also highly correlated with substance misuse as well as delinquency, teen pregnancy, school dropout, and violence. Along with other locally attainable sources of information, the information from the NRPFSS can aid schools and community groups in planning and implementing local prevention initiatives to improve the health and academic performance of their youth.

Table 1.1 provides information on the student participation rate for Butler County. The participation rate represents the percentage of all eligible students who took the survey. If 60 percent or more of the students participated, the report is generally a good indicator of the levels of substance use, risk, protection, and delinquent behavior in Butler County. If fewer than 60.0 percent participated, a review of who participated should be completed prior to generalizing the results to the entire student population.

2023 NRPFSS Sponsored by:

The 2023 NRPFSS is sponsored by the 2018 Strategic Prevention Framework - Partnership for Success grant and the 2022 Substance Use Prevention Treatment Recovery Services Block Grant for the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration Center for Substance Abuse Prevention through the Nebraska Department of Health and Human Services Division of Behavioral Health.



The Bureau of Sociological Research (BOSR) at the University of Nebraska – Lincoln (UNL) collected the NRPFSS data for this administration as well as the 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016, 2018, 2021, and 2023 administrations. As part of BOSR's commitment to high quality data, BOSR is a member of the American Association for Public Opinion Research (AAPOR) Transparency Initiative. As part of this initiative, BOSR pledges to provide certain methodological information whenever data are collected. This information as it relates to the NRPFSS is available on BOSR's website (https://bosr.unl.edu/sharp/).

Table 1.1. Survey Participation Rates, 2023

	E	Butler County		State of Nebraska						
		2023		2023						
	Number	Number	Percent	Number	Number	Percent				
	Participated	Enrolled	Participated	Participated	Enrolled	Participated				
Grade										
8th	80	113	70.8%	3567	26566	13.4%				
10th	57	98	58.2%	4599	27660	16.6%				
12th	48	89	53.9%	3394	27460	12.4%				
Total	185	300	61.7%	11560	81686	14.2%				

Note: The grade-specific participation rates presented within this table consist of the number of students who completed the NRPFSS divided by the total number of students enrolled within the participating schools.

Again, the goal of the NRPFSS is to collect school district and community-level data and not to collect representative state data. However, state data provide insight into the levels of substance use, risk, protection, and delinquent behavior among Nebraskan students, especially students in rural areas other than in Douglas, Lancaster, or Sarpy counties. In 2023, 14.2 percent of the eligible Nebraska students in grades 8, 10, and 12 participated in the NRPFSS; 83.7 percent of these participations came from the areas outside of Douglas, Lancaster, and Sarpy counties.

The 2023 participation rate for the state as a whole remains lower than the 60.0 percent level recommended for representing students statewide, so the state-level results should be interpreted with some caution. Failure to obtain a high participation rate statewide is, in part, due to low levels of participation within Douglas, Lancaster, and Sarpy Counties, which combined had a 4.1% participation rate in 2023 compared to 27.3% for the remainder of the state.

Table 1.2 provides an overview of the characteristics of the students who completed the 2023 survey within Butler County and the state overall.

Table 1.2. Participant Characteristics, 2023

	Butler	County	State of	Nebraska
	2	023	2	023
_	n	%	n	%
Total students	185		11741	
Grade				
8th	80	43.2%	3567	30.4%
10th	57	30.8%	4599	39.2%
12th	48	25.9%	3394	28.9%
Unknown	0	0.0%	181	1.5%
Gender				
Male	90	48.6%	5952	50.7%
Female	94	50.8%	5719	48.7%
Unknown	1	0.5%	70	0.6%
Race/Ethnicity				
Hispanic*	20	10.8%	2393	20.4%
African American	1	0.5%	389	3.3%
Asian	1	0.5%	227	1.9%
American Indian	1	0.5%	308	2.6%
Pacific Islander	0	0.0%	41	0.3%
Alaska Native	0	0.0%	22	0.2%
White	159	85.9%	8193	69.8%
Other	2	1.1%	110	0.9%
Unknown	1	0.5%	58	0.5%

Notes. *Hispanic can be of any race. In columns, n=number or frequency and %=percentage of distribution.

Overview of Report Contents

The report is divided into the following five sections: (1) substance use; (2) transportation safety; (3) violence, bullying, and mental health; (4) nutrition and physical activity; and (5) feelings and experiences at home, school, and in the community. Within each section, highlights of the 2023 survey data for Butler County are presented along with state and national estimates, when available.

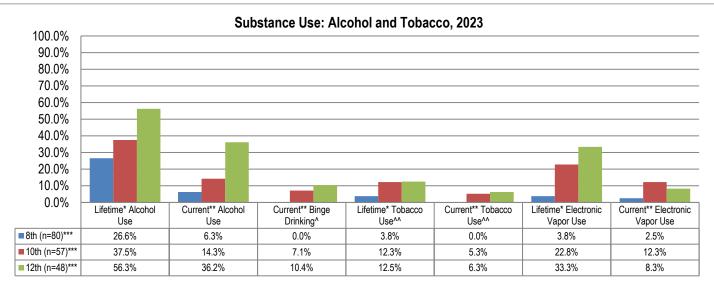
When there are less than 10 survey respondents for a particular grade, their responses are not presented in order to protect the confidentiality of individual student participants. Furthermore, if a grade level has 10 or more respondents but an individual question or sub-group presented in this report has less than 10 respondents then results for the individual item or sub-group are not reported.

A number of honesty measures were also created to remove students who may not have given the most honest answers. These measures included reporting use of a fictitious drug, using a substance during the past 30 days more than in one's lifetime, answering that the student was not at all honest when filling out the survey, and providing an age and grade combination that are highly unlikely. Students whose answers were in question for any one of these reasons were excluded from reporting. For the State of Nebraska, 368 students met these criteria. Three students in Butler County met these criteria.

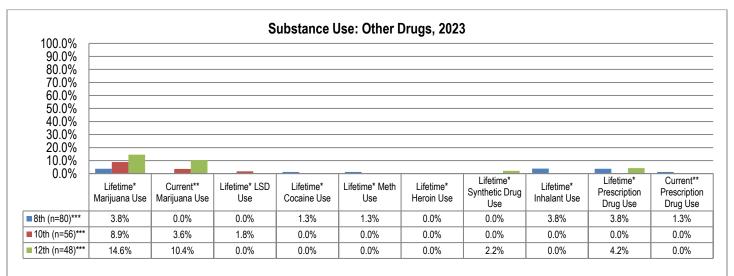
Substance Use

This section contains information on the use of alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs among 8th, 10th, and 12th grade students in Butler County. In addition, there is information on attitudes and perceptions, the sources of substances, and other substance-related topics. To provide greater context for the results from Butler County, overall state and national results are presented when available. As discussed earlier, the state results are not to be considered a representative statewide sample. The national data source is the Monitoring the Future survey, administered by the Institute for Social Research at the University of Michigan and sponsored by the National Institute on Drug Abuse and National Institutes of Health.

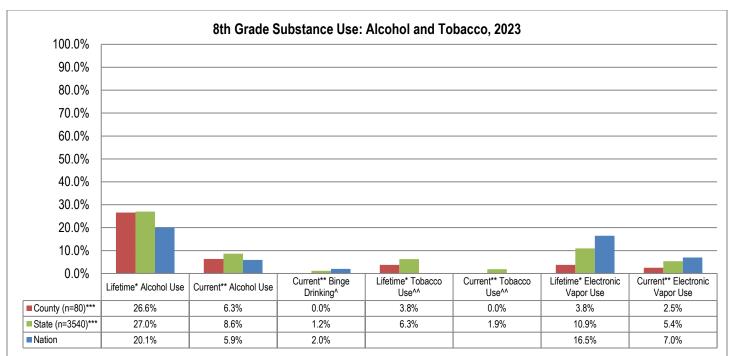
Substance Use



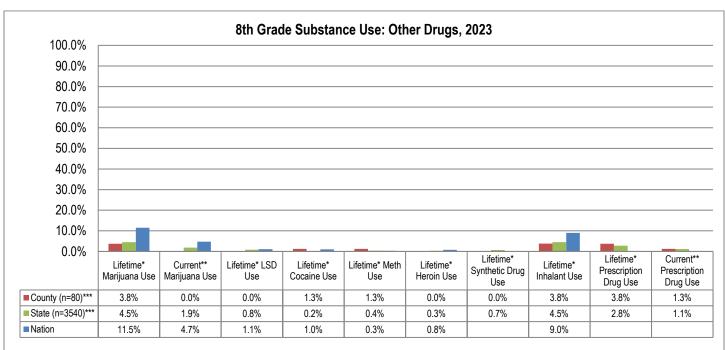
Notes. *Percentage who reported using the named substance one or more times in his or her lifetime. **Percentage who reported using the named substance one or more times during the past 30 days. ^Percentage who reported having five or more drinks of alcohol in a row, within a couple of hours. ^^Tobacco use includes cigarettes and smokeless tobacco. Individual results for each can be found in Appendix A.***The n-size displayed is the largest n-size across these questions. Because each question is asked individually, the n-size may vary.



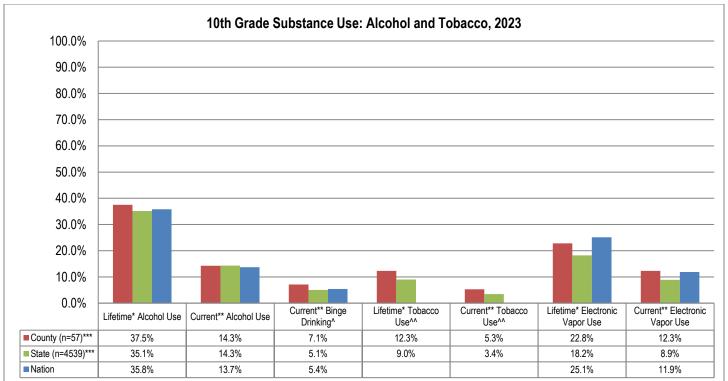
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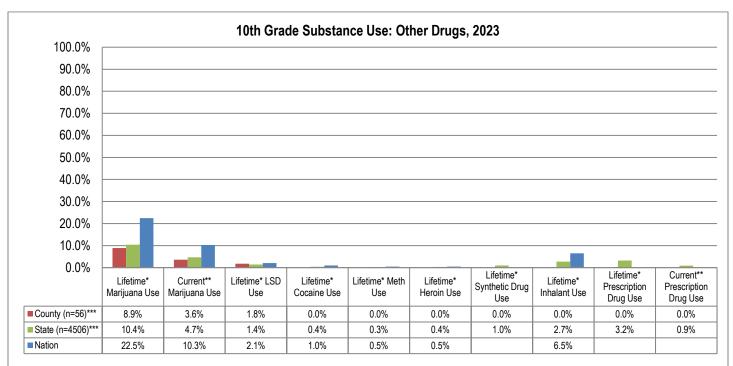
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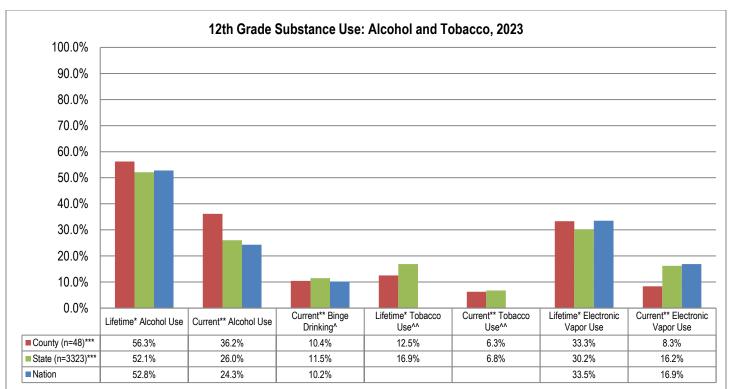
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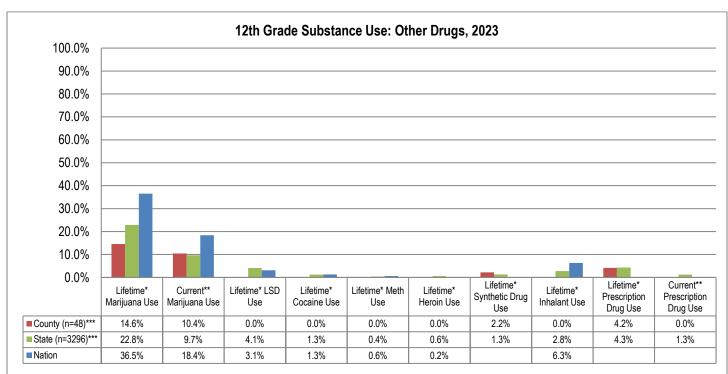
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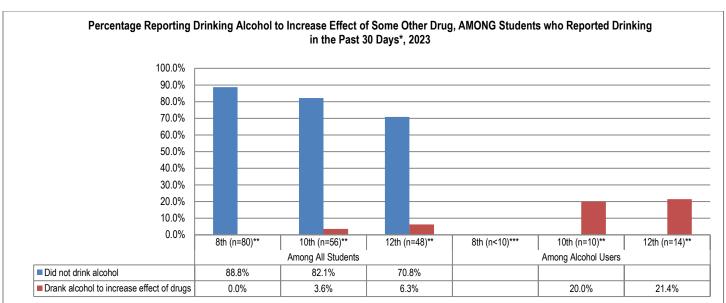
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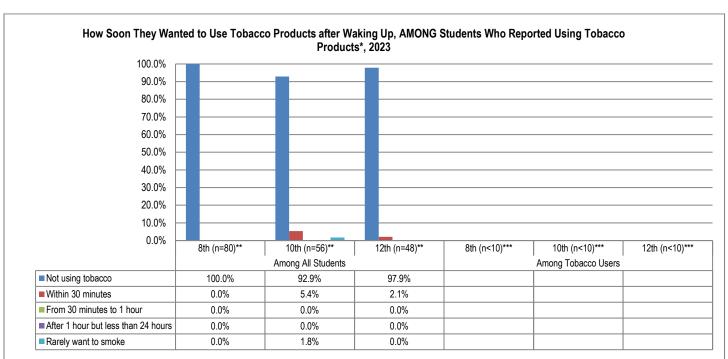
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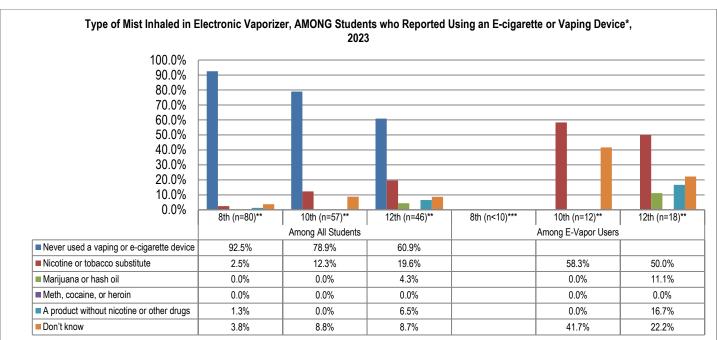
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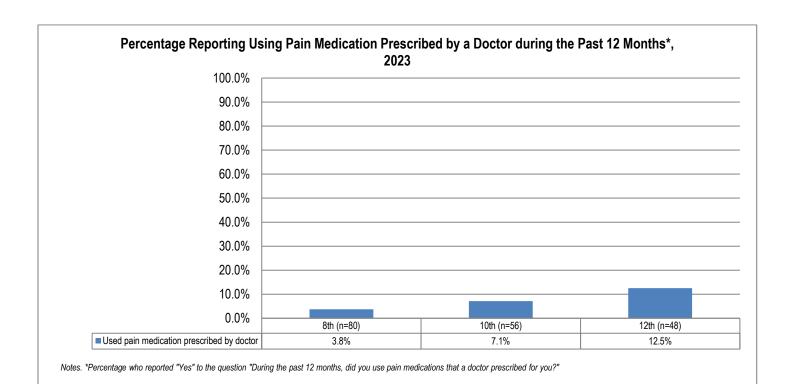
Notes. *Among past 30 day alcohol users, the percentage who reported drinking alcohol one or more times to increase the effect of some of other drug or drugs during the past 30 days. **The n-size displayed is the largest n-size across these questions. Because each question is asked individually, the n-size may vary. ***Not reporting due to the participation number is less than 10.

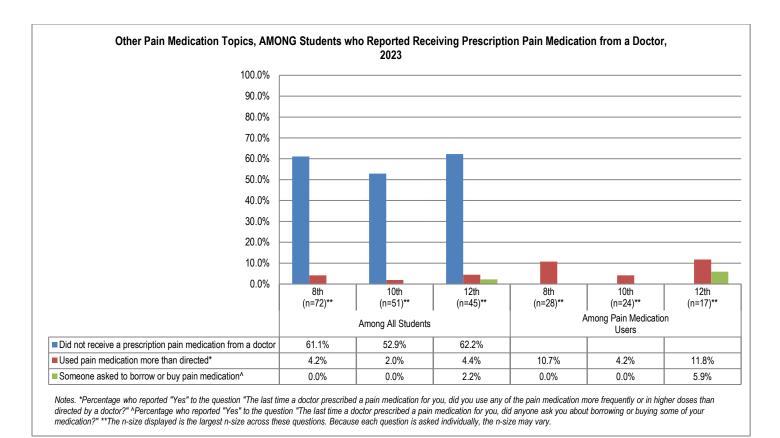


Notes. *How soon after you wake up do you want to use a tobacco product? **The n-size displayed is the same for all people given that how soon they want to smoke after waking up is asked as one question. ***Not reporting due to the participation number is less than 10.

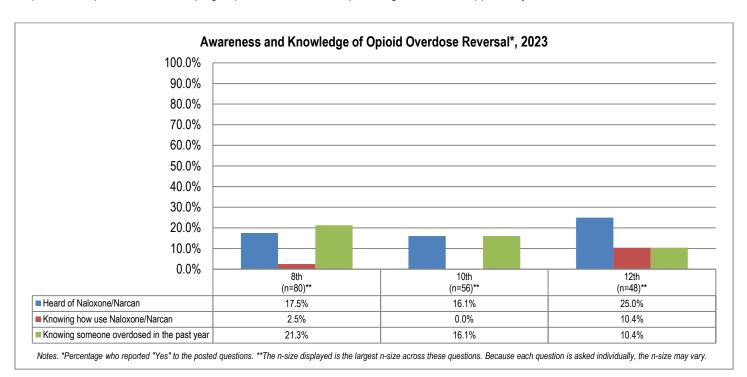


Notes. *Among past 30 day alcohol users, the percentage who reported drinking alcohol one or more times to increase the effect of some of other drug or drugs during the past 30 days. **The n-size displayed is the same for all people given that type of mist inhaled is asked as one question. ***Not reporting due to the participation number is less than 10.

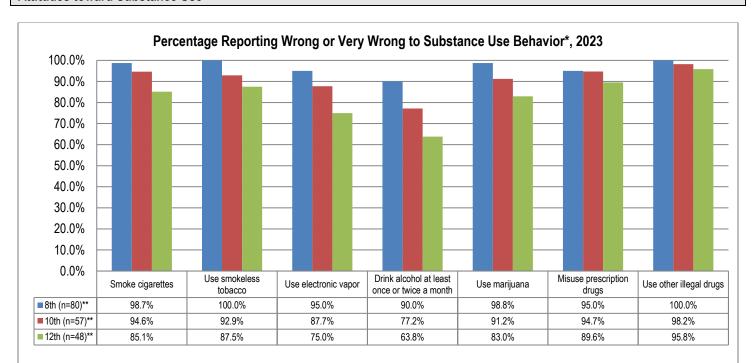




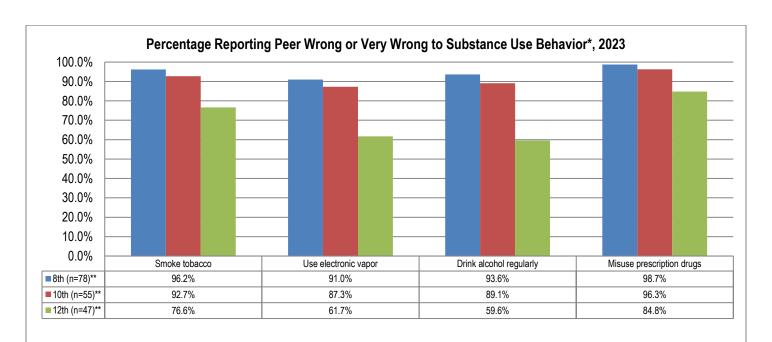
Naloxone, sold as Narcan, is a medication designed to rapidly reverse opioid overdose to restore normal respiration in individuals whose breathing has slowed or stopped as a result of overdosing on heroin or prescription opioid medications. It is a critical tool in emergency responses to opioid overdose, helping to prevent fatalities and providing a window of opportunity for medical treatment.



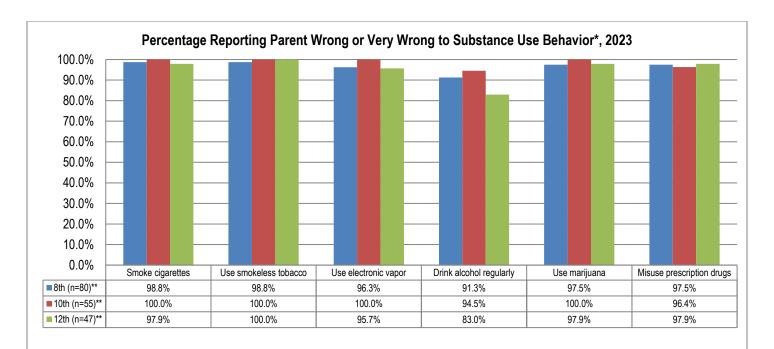
Attitudes toward Substance Use



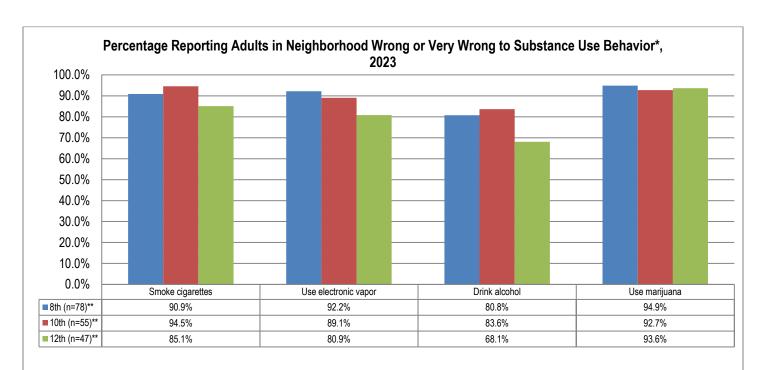
Note. *Percentage who reported how wrong they think different substance behaviors are based on the following scale: Very wrong, Wrong, A little bit wrong, Not wrong at all. **The n-size displayed is the largest n-size across these questions. Because each question is asked individually, the n-size may vary.



Note. *Percentage who reported how wrong their friends would think different substance behaviors are based on the following scale: Very wrong, Wrong, A little bit wrong, Not wrong at all. **The n-size displayed is the largest n-size across these questions. Because each question is asked individually, the n-size may vary.

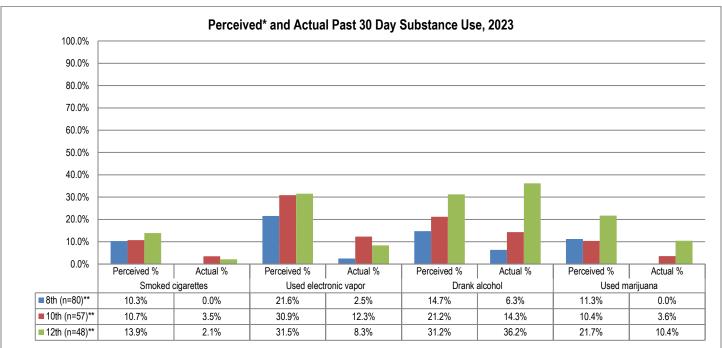


Note. *Percentage who reported how wrong their parents would think different substance behaviors are based on the following scale: Very wrong, Wrong, A little bit wrong, Not wrong at all. **The n-size displayed is the largest n-size across these questions. Because each question is asked individually, the n-size may vary.

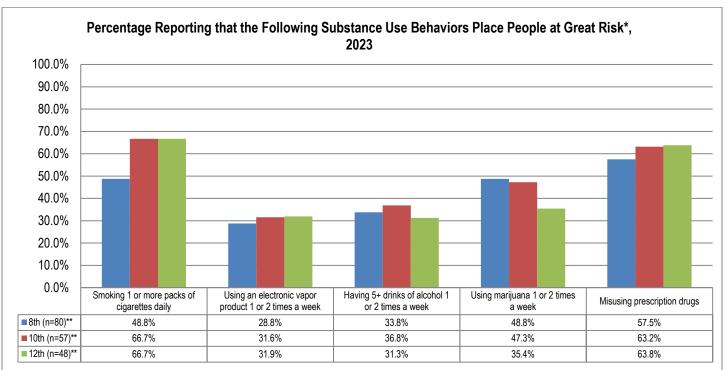


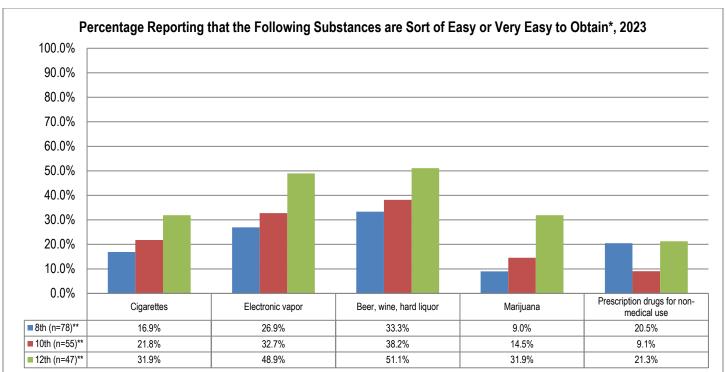
Note. *Percentage who reported how wrong adults in their neighborhood would think different substance behaviors are based on the following scale: Very wrong, Wrong, A little bit wrong, Not wrong at all. . **The n-size displayed is the largest n-size across these questions. Because each question is asked individually, the n-size may vary.

Perceptions of Substance Use



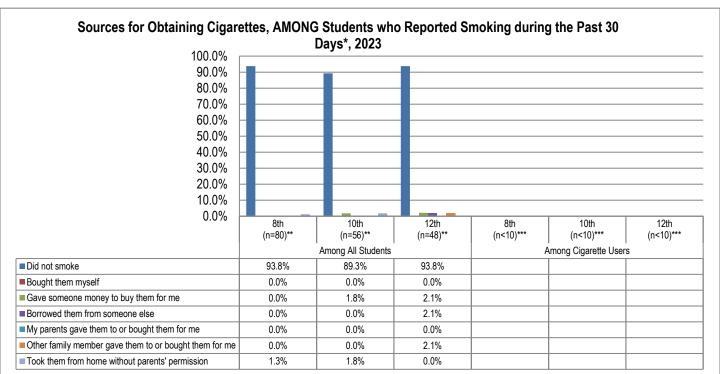
Note. *Perception based on following question: "Now thinking about all the students in your grade at your school. How many of them do you think: <insert substance use behavior> during the past 30 days?" **The n-size displayed is the largest n-size across these questions. Because each question is asked individually, the n-size may vary.



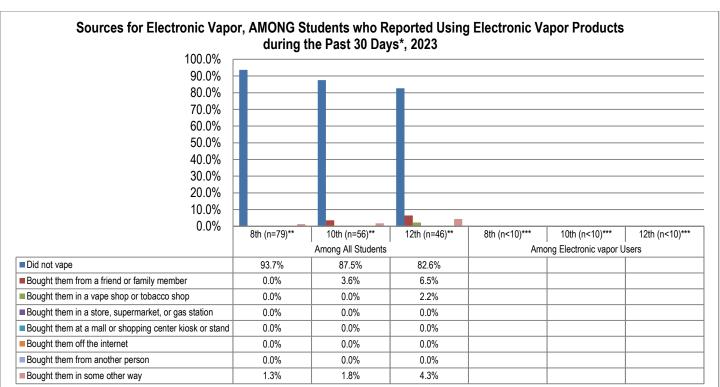


Note. *Percentage who reported it is sort of or very easy to obtain each substances based on the following scale: Very hard, Sort of easy, Very easy. Based on the question "If you wanted to, how easy would it be for you to get: <insert substance use behavior>." **The n-size displayed is the largest n-size across these questions. Because each question is asked individually, the n-size may vary.

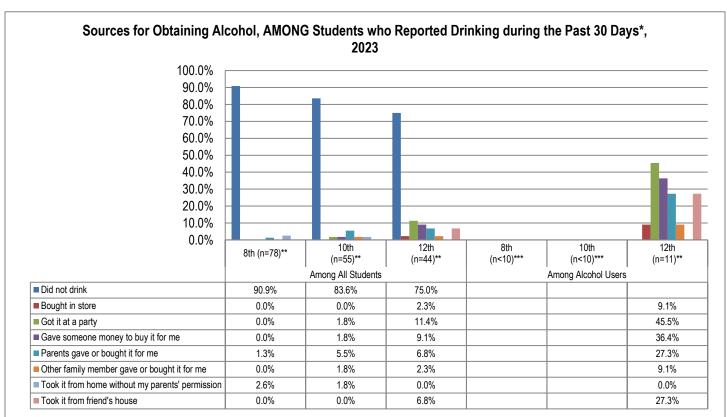
Sources of Substances



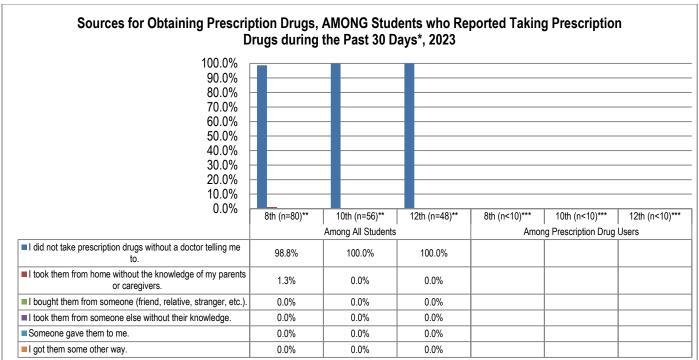
Notes. *Among past 30 day cigarette users, the percentage who reported obtaining cigarettes in each manner during the past 30 days. These scores may include students 18 and older.**The n-size displayed is the largest n-size across these questions. Because each source is asked individually, the n-size may vary across sources. ***Not reporting due to the participation number is less than 10.



Notes. *Among past 30 day alcohol users, the percentage who reported obtaining alcohol in each manner during the past 30 days. **The n-size displayed is the largest n-size across these questions. Because each source is asked individually, the n-size may vary across sources. ***Not reporting due to the participation number is less than 10.

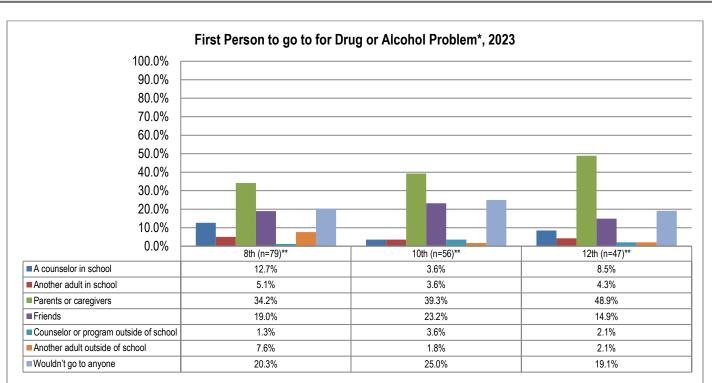


Notes. *Among past 30 day alcohol users, the percentage who reported obtaining alcohol in each manner during the past 30 days. **The n-size displayed is the largest n-size across these questions. Because each source is asked individually, the n-size may vary across sources. ***Not reporting due to the participation number is less than 10.

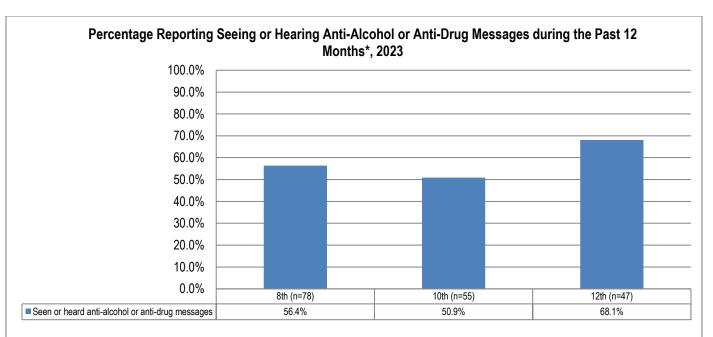


Notes. *Among past 30 day prescription drug users, the percentage who reported obtaining prescription drugs in each manner during the past 30 days. **The n-size displayed is the largest n-size across these questions. Because each source is asked individually, the n-size may vary across sources. ***Not reporting due to the participation number is less than 10.

Other Substance-Related Topics



Notes. *Based on the question "If you had a drug or alcohol problem and needed help, who is the first person you would go to?" **The n-size displayed is the same given that asking who for help is asked as one question.

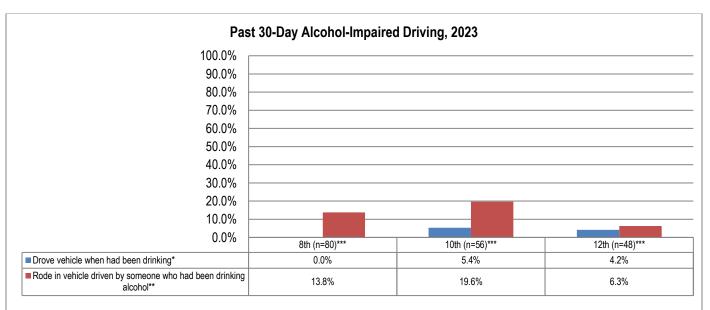


Notes. *Percentage who reported "Yes" to the question "In the past 12 months, have you seen or heard any anti-alcohol or anti-drug messages on TV, the internet, the radio, or in newspapers or magazines?"

Transportation Safety

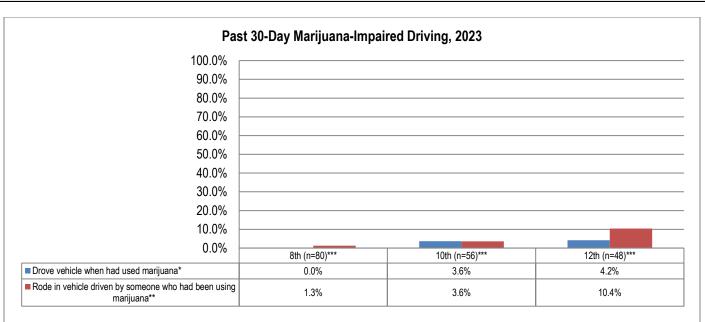
This section contains information on transportation safety relating to alcohol-impaired and distracted driving among 8th, 10th, and 12th grade students in Butler County.

Past 30 Day Alcohol-Impaired Driving



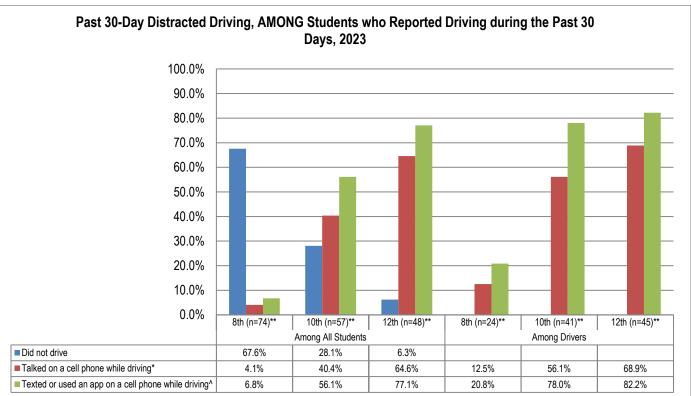
Notes. *Percentage who reported one or more occurrences to the question "During the the past 30 days, how many times did you drive a car or other vehicle when you had been drinking alcohol?" **Percentage who reported one or more occurrences to the question "During the the past 30 days, how many times did you ride in a car or other vehicle driven by someone who had been drinking alcohol?" ***The n-size displayed is the largest n-size across these questions. Because each question is asked individually, the n-size may vary.

Past 30 Day Marijuana-Impaired Driving



Notes. *Percentage who reported one or more occurences to the question "During the the past 30 days, how many times did you drive a car or other vehicle when you had been using marijuana?"
**Percentage who reported one or more occurences to the question "During the the past 30 days, how many times did you ride in a car or other vehicle driven by someone who had been using marijuana?"
***The n-size displayed is the largest n-size across these questions. Because each question is asked individually, the n-size may vary.

Past 30 Day Distracted Driving

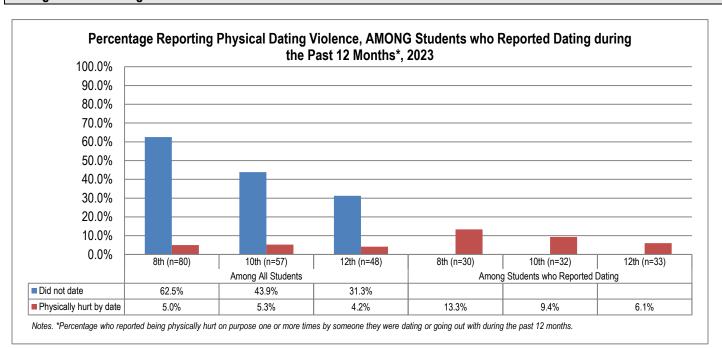


Notes. *Percentage who reported talking on a cell phone while driving a car or other vehicle in the past 30 days. ^Percentage who reported one or more occurences of texting or using an app on a cell phone while driving a car or other vehicle. **The n-size displayed is the largest n-size across these questions. Because each question is asked individually, the n-size may vary.

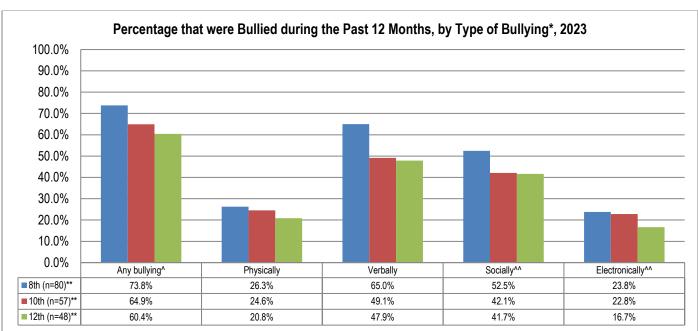
Violence, Bullying, and Mental Health

This section contains information on dating violence, bullying, anxiety, depression, suicide, and attitudes toward the future among 8th, 10th, and 12th grade students in Butler County.

Dating Violence during the Past 12 Months

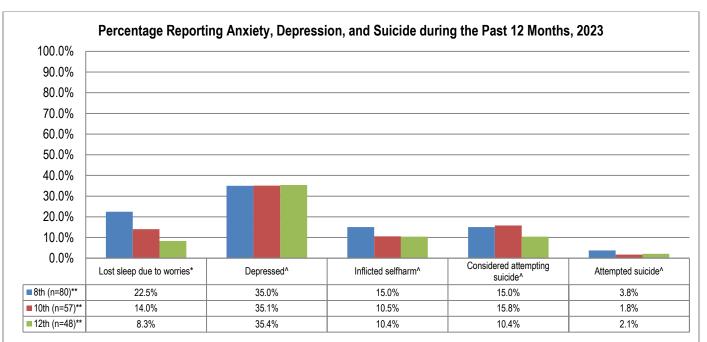


Bullying during the Past 12 Months

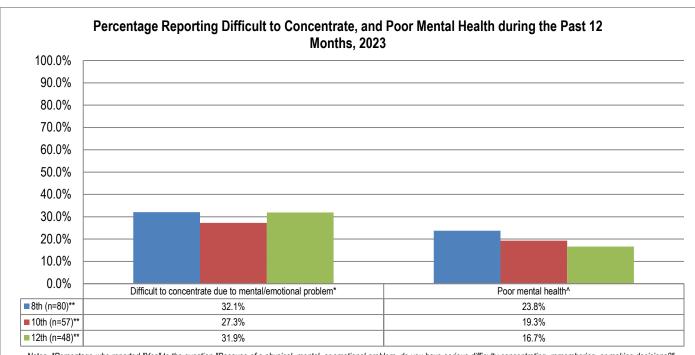


Note. *Percentage who reported one or more occurrences of each type of bullying. *Percentage of students who reported one or more occurrences of one or more of these types of bullying. **The n-size displayed is the largest n-size across these questions. Because each question is asked individually, the n-size may vary. **Examples of being bullied socially can be being excluded from a group or having gossip or rumors spread about the student; examples of being bullied electronically can be being threatened or embarrassed through e-mail, text messages, or social media.

Anxiety, Depression, and Suicide during the Past 12 Months

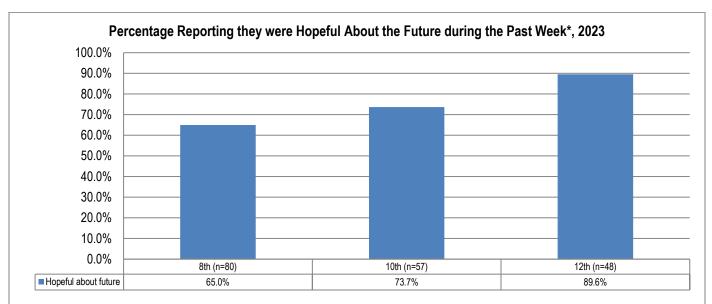


Notes. "Percentage who reported during the past 12 months being so worried about something they could not sleep well at night most of the time or always based on the following scale: Never, Rarely, Sometimes, Most of the time, Always. "Percentage who reported "Yes" to the question "During the past 12 months, did you ever feel so sad or hopeless almost every day for two weeks or more in a row that you stopped doing some usual activities?" ?" the question "During the past 12 months, did you hurt or injure yourself on purpose without wanting to die?", the question "During the past 12 months, did you ever seriously consider attempting suicide?", and the question "During the past 12 months, did you actually attempt suicide?" .**The n-size displayed is the largest n-size across these questions. Because each source is asked individually, the n-size may vary.



Notes. *Percentage who reported "Yes" to the question "Because of a physical, mental, or emotional problem, do you have serious difficulty concentrating, remembering, or making decisions?" ^Percentage who reported "Most of the time" or "Always" to the question "During the PAST 30 DAYS, how often was your mental health not good? (Poor mental health include stress, anxiety, and depression.)" .**The n-size displayed is the largest n-size across these questions. Because each source is asked individually, the n-size may vary.

Attitudes toward the Future

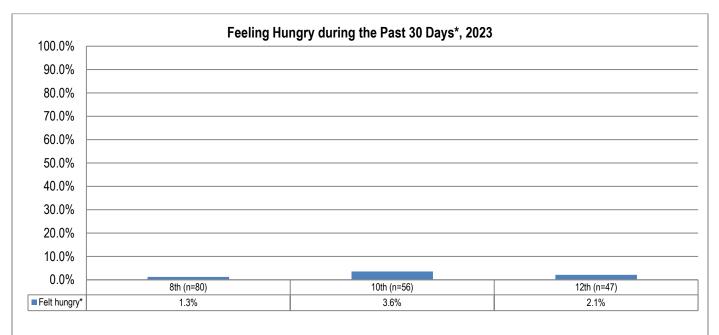


Notes. *Percentage who reported they "Agree" or "Strongly agree" to the question "In the past week, I have felt hopeful about the future." Based on the following scale: Strongly disagree, Disagree, Agree, Strongly agree.

Nutrition and Physical Activity

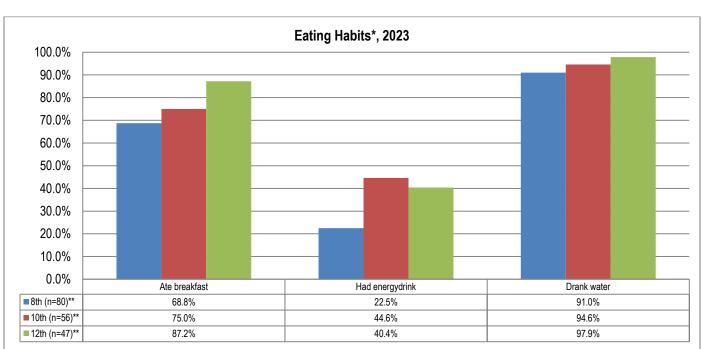
This section contains information on food security, eating habits, physical activity, and sleep habits among 8th, 10th, and 12th grade students in Butler County.

Hunger



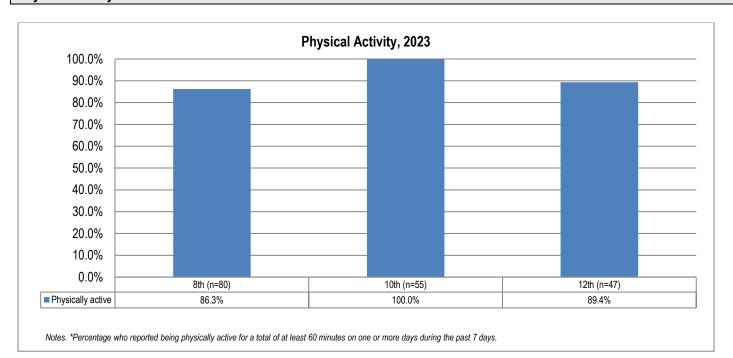
Notes. "Percentage who reported "Most of the time" or "Always" to the question "During the PAST 30 DAYS, how often did you go hungry because there was not enough food in your home?"

Eating Habits

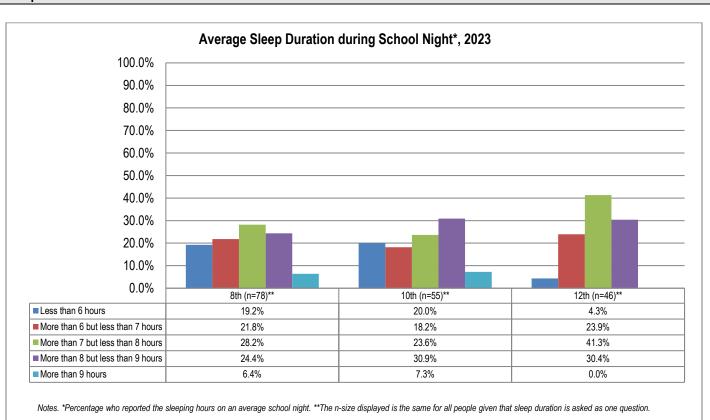


Notes. *Percentage who reported consuming the named drink or food one or more times during the past 7 days. .**The n-size displayed is the largest n-size across these questions. Because each source is asked individually, the n-size may vary.

Physical Activity



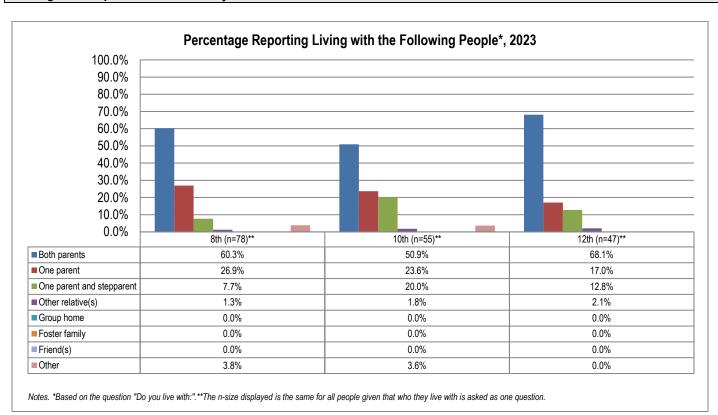
Sleep Habits

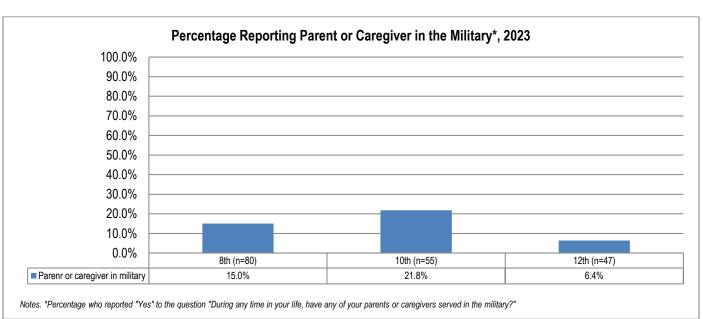


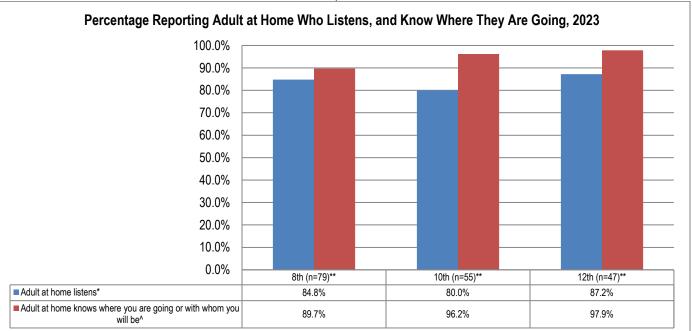
Feelings and Experiences at Home, School, and in the Community

This section contains information on feelings and experiences with family, at school, and in the community for 8th, 10th, and 12th grade students in Butler County.

Feelings and Experiences with Family

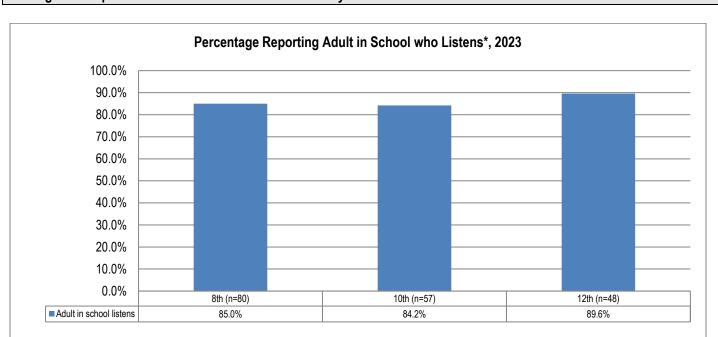




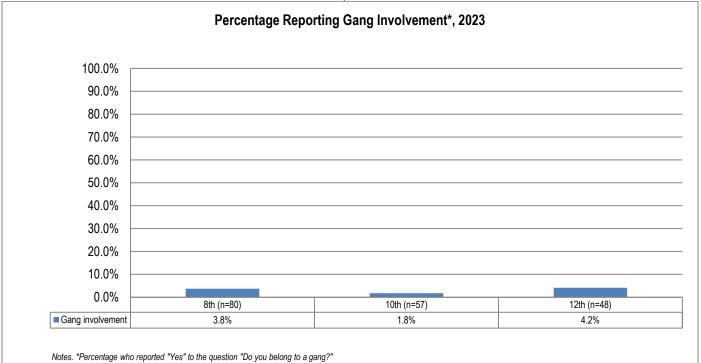


Notes. *Percentage who reported they "Agree" or "Strongly agree" to the statement "In my home, there is an adult who listens to me when I have something to say." based on the following scale: Strongly disagree, Disagree, Agree, Strongly agree. *Percentage who reported "Always" or "Most of the time" to the question "How often do your parents or other adults in your family know where you are going or with whom you will be?" based on the following scale: Never, Rarely, Sometimes, Most of the time, Always. **The n-size displayed is the largest n-size across these questions. Because each source is asked individually, the n-size may vary.

Feelings and Experiences at School and in the Community



Notes. "Percentage who reported they "Agree" or "Strongly agree" to the statement "In my school, there is an adult (such as a counselor, teacher, or coach) who listens to me when I have something to say." Based on the following scale: Strongly disagree, Disagree, Agree, Strongly agree.



Tips for Using the NRPFSS Results

As a valued stakeholder in your community, you play an important role in prevention by teaching skills, imparting knowledge, and in helping to establish a strong foundation of character and values based on wellness, including prevention of substance use, suicide, and other risky behaviors. Preventing mental and/or substance use disorders and related problems in children, adolescents, and young adults is critical to promoting physical health and overall wellness.

There are a variety of strategies (or interventions) that can be used to increase protective factors and reduce the impact of risk factors. Prevention in schools is often completed through educational programs and school policies and procedures that contribute to the achievement of broader health goals and prevent problem behavior.

Prevention strategies typically fall into six categories:

Alternative

- This strategy provides for the participation of the target populations in activities that exclude alcohol and drug use through the provision of constructive and healthy activities.
 - Examples of methods used for alternative strategies include the following:
 - Drug-free Social and Recreational Activities (e.g. Dances or Parties)
 - Youth and Adult Leadership Activities
 - Community Drop-in Centers
 - Community Service Activities
 - Mentoring Programs

Community-Based

- This strategy aims to enhance the ability of the community to more effectively provide substance abuse prevention services. Activities in this strategy include organizing, planning, enhancing the efficiency and effectiveness of service implementation, building coalitions and networking.
 - Examples of methods used for this strategy include the following:
 - Community and Volunteer Training (i.e. neighborhood action training, training of key people in the system)
 - Systematic Planning
 - Multi-Agency Coordination and Collaboration (i.e. leveraging resources, developing strategic partnerships)
 - Accessing Service and Funding
 - Community Team-Building

Education

- This strategy provides information and activities aimed to affect critical life and social skills, including decision-making, refusal skills and critical analysis. Prevention education is characterized by two-way communication based on an interaction between the educator and the participants.
- Examples of methods used for this strategy include the following:
 - Classroom and Small Group Sessions
 - Parenting and Family Management Classes
 - Peer Leader and Peer Helper Programs
 - Education Programs for Youth Groups
 - Groups for Children of Substance Abusers

Environmental

- This strategy seeks to establish or change community standards, codes and attitudes, thereby influencing the incidence and prevalence of drug misuse in the general population.
 - Examples of methods used for this strategy include the following:
 - The Establishment and Review of Drug Policies in Schools
 - Technical assistance to communities to maximize local enforcement procedures governing the availability and distribution of drugs.
 - The review and modification of alcohol and tobacco advertising practices
 - Product pricing strategies

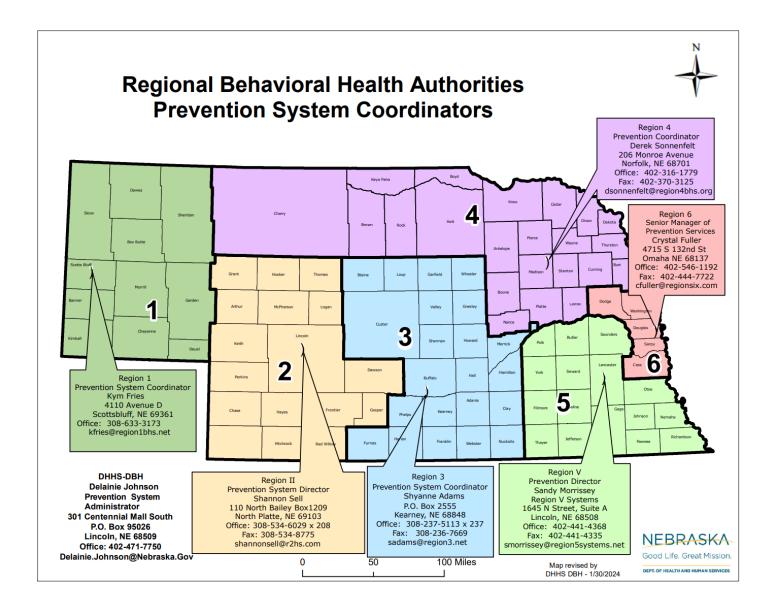
• Information Dissemination

- This strategy provides information about the nature of drug use, misuse, addiction and the effects on individuals, families and communities. It also provides information of available prevention programs and services. The dissemination of information is characterized by one-way communication from the source to the audience, with limited contact between the two.
 - Examples of methods used for this strategy include the following:
 - Clearinghouse and other information resource centers
 - Resource directories
 - Media campaigns
 - Brochures
 - Radio and Television Public Service Announcements
 - Speaking engagements
 - Health fairs

Problem Identification & Referral

- This strategy aims to identify those who have misused substances in order to assess if their behavior can be reversed through education. It should be noted, however, that this strategy does not include any activity designed to determine if an individual is in need of treatment.
 - Examples of methods used for this strategy include the following:
 - Brief Screening/Intervention
 - Driving-while-intoxicated Education Programs
 - Employee Assistance Programs
 - Student Assistance Programs
 - Teen Courts

If you would like to implement strategies in your school or community, please contact your regional representative as shown on the map below.



You may also wish to do your own research. The following websites provide listings of evidence-based practices:

• The Evidence-Based Practices Resource Center

- This is a searchable online evidence-based repository and review system designed to provide the public with reliable information on mental health and substance use interventions that are available for implementation.
- Website: https://www.samhsa.gov/ebp-resource-center

• Blueprints for Healthy Youth Development

- This searchable registry provides information about evidence-based programs that prevent or reduce the likelihood of antisocial behavior and promote a healthy course of youth development and adult maturity.
- Website: https://www.blueprintsprograms.org/

• The Suicide Prevention Resource Center

This has a variety of suicide prevention resources available.

Website: https://sprc.org/

In accordance with LB923, public school staff in Nebraska are required to complete at least 1 hour of suicide awareness and prevention training each year. To learn more, visit the Nebraska Department of Education website at https://www.education.ne.gov/Safety/index.html. Resources on Bullying Prevention and Suicide Prevention are listed.

A variety of print materials on behavioral health topics including depression, trauma, anxiety, and suicide are available from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). Materials include toolkits for school personnel, educational fact sheets for parents and caregivers, wallet cards and magnets with the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline. The direct link to the SAMHSA store is https://store.samhsa.gov/.

Another resource for kids, teens, and young adults is the **Boys Town National Hotline**, specifically the **Your Life Your Voice campaign**. Wallet cards and other promotional materials are available at no cost for distribution to students, school staff, parents, etc. http://www.yourlifeyourvoice.org/Pages/home.aspx. Remember, talking about suicide with a student does not put an idea of attempting suicide in a student's mind.

For information about Nebraska's implementation of the **988 Suicide and Crisis Lifeline** and other helpful resources, visit https://dhhs.ne.gov/Pages/988-Suicide-and-Crisis-Lifeline.aspx

Additional contacts for tips on data use and prevention resources can be found in Appendix B.

APPENDIX A: Trend Data

Matria	Definition		8th Grad	le County-l	_evel^^^			8th Gra	de State-L	evel^^^	
Metric	Definition	2014	2016	2018	2021	2023	2014	2016	2018	2021	2023
			S	ubstance	Use Outco	mes					
	Alcohol	12.7%	20.0%	40.0%	NA*	26.6%	18.4%	23.0%	28.4%	28.3%	27.0%
	Cigarettes	8.1%	5.1%	5.0%	NA*	3.8%	10.1%	7.6%	7.0%	5.8%	5.0%
	Electronic vapor product^^	NA**	13.6%	10.0%	NA*	3.8%	NA**	12.4%	17.7%	14.1%	10.9%
	Smokeless tobacco	6.7%	11.9%	5.3%	NA*	1.3%	3.7%	3.6%	3.4%	3.3%	2.0%
Lifetime	Marijuana	1.6%	3.3%	0.0%	NA*	3.8%	5.8%	5.4%	6.0%	4.8%	4.5%
Substance Use	LSD/other psychedelics	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	NA*	0.0%	0.4%	0.4%	0.7%	0.5%	0.8%
	Cocaine/crack	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	NA*	1.3%	0.5%	0.2%	0.3%	0.4%	0.2%
	Meth	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	NA*	1.3%	0.3%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.4%
	Inhalants	4.8%	3.3%	0.0%	NA*	3.8%	4.3%	3.6%	4.6%	5.1%	4.5%
	Prescription drugs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	NA*	3.8%	1.7%	1.6%	2.3%	4.1%	2.8%
	Alcohol	6.3%	6.8%	15.0%	NA*	6.3%	4.4%	7.3%	9.8%	9.2%	8.6%
	Binge drinking	4.8%	1.7%	0.0%	NA*	0.0%	2.2%	1.0%	1.3%	1.5%	1.2%
	Alcohol with other substance	NA**	NA**	NA***	NA*	NA***	NA**	NA**	12.6%	9.2%	11.2%
D4-20 D	Cigarettes	3.2%	1.7%	0.0%	NA*	0.0%	2.9%	2.3%	2.0%	1.2%	1.0%
Past 30-Day Substance Use	Electronic vapor product^^	NA**	3.4%	10.0%	NA*	2.5%	NA**	6.0%	10.4%	6.9%	5.4%
	Smokeless tobacco	6.5%	6.8%	5.0%	NA*	0.0%	2.1%	1.9%	2.4%	1.5%	1.0%
	Marijuana	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	NA*	0.0%	2.3%	2.8%	3.0%	2.2%	1.9%
	Prescription drugs	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	NA*	1.3%	0.6%	0.5%	1.0%	1.7%	1.1%
	Drove a car under the influence of alcohol	1.6%	0.0%	4.5%	NA*	0.0%	0.4%	1.0%	0.9%	1.0%	1.0%
Past 30-Day	Rode in a car driven by someone under the influence of alcohol	17.5%	11.9%	22.7%	NA*	13.8%	13.3%	14.0%	16.1%	17.6%	16.9%
Impaired Driving	Drove a car under the influence of Marijuana	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	0.0%	NA**	NA**	NA**	0.9%	0.7%
	Rode in a car driven by someone under the influence of Marijuana	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	1.3%	NA**	NA**	NA**	4.9%	4.1%

				SHARP le County-l		2023		8th Gra	de State-L	evel^^^	
Metric	Definition	2014	2016	2018	2021	2023	2014	2016	2018	2021	2023
				Mental He	alth Outco	mes			•		•
	Lost Sleep	NA**	14.8%	22.7%	NA*	22.5%	NA**	16.1%	18.0%	21.4%	19.9%
	Depressed	NA**	32.8%	54.5%	NA*	35.0%	NA**	28.4%	31.1%	36.1%	32.5%
5	Inflicted self- harm	NA**	3.2%	4.5%	NA*	15.0%	NA**	12.2%	13.6%	17.0%	14.7%
Past 12 Months Mental Health	Considered attempting suicide	NA**	8.2%	13.6%	NA*	15.0%	NA**	13.9%	16.1%	16.1%	14.3%
	Attempted suicide	NA**	0.0%	4.5%	NA*	3.8%	NA**	3.6%	3.9%	4.4%	3.8%
	Difficult to concentrate	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	32.1%	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA**	33.5%
			Be	havioral He	ealth Risk	Factors					
	Smoked cigarettes	7.9%	8.2%	0.0%	NA*	2.5%	6.7%	5.3%	5.0%	5.7%	4.2%
Age of First Use (12 or	Electronic vapor product^^	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	3.8%	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA**	6.2%
Younger)	Drank alcohol	11.1%	14.8%	19.0%	NA*	17.5%	14.2%	15.1%	17.5%	18.3%	15.5%
	Smoked Marijuana	0.0%	1.6%	0.0%	NA*	4.0%	2.4%	2.2%	2.2%	1.9%	2.2%
Perception of	Smoked cigarettes	5.2%	5.6%	4.4%	NA*	10.3%	9.8%	7.6%	7.4%	11.6%	6.9%
Peer's Past 30-Day	Used electronic vapor product^^	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	21.6%	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA**	16.4%
Substance Use	Drank alcohol	10.2%	7.4%	6.4%	NA*	14.7%	10.0%	9.1%	9.8%	13.7%	11.8%
	Used Marijuana	3.8%	3.1%	0.5%	NA*	11.3%	9.0%	8.0%	7.1%	8.7%	6.0%
Experienced	Physically	NA**	11.7%	22.7%	NA*	26.3%	NA**	27.8%	26.8%	27.5%	26.2%
bullying in	Verbally	NA**	41.7%	50.0%	NA*	65.0%	NA**	55.7%	52.8%	51.3%	53.4%
past 12	Socially	NA**	38.3%	31.8%	NA*	52.5%	NA**	47.0%	45.3%	43.4%	44.2%
months	Electronically	19.0%	15.0%	13.6%	NA*	23.8%	21.0%	22.2%	20.0%	22.5%	21.0%
_	Alcohol	33.3%	40.4%	23.8%	NA*	33.3%	31.1%	31.5%	34.1%	31.6%	31.7%
Cout of Face	Marijuana	15.9%	5.3%	4.8%	NA*	9.0%	14.1%	13.3%	13.5%	9.5%	8.2%
Sort of Easy or Very Easy to Obtain	Prescription drugs	14.3%	17.5%	19.0%	NA*	20.5%	18.0%	17.6%	20.3%	16.9%	16.0%
Substance	Cigarettes	28.6%	29.8%	NA**	NA*	16.9%	22.9%	21.5%	NA**	NA**	16.0%
	Electronic vapor products^^	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	26.9%	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA**	20.3%

Metrie	Definition		8th Grad	e County-	Level^^^			8th Gra	de State-L	evel^^^	
Metric	Definition	2014	2016	2018	2021	2023	2014	2016	2018	2021	2023
			Behav	ioral Healt	h Protectiv	e Factors					
Experiences at School	Grades were A's and B's	84.1%	63.9%	81.8%	NA*	75.0%	83.0%	83.1%	82.5%	81.5%	81.3%
at School	Felt safe	90.3%	86.9%	86.4%	NA*	83.8%	89.5%	89.2%	88.9%	88.6%	87.2%
	Help for personal problems^	79.4%	87.9%	81.8%	NA*	74.7%	84.3%	86.2%	83.9%	85.2%	81.0%
Experiences with Families	Discussed dangers of alcohol	58.7%	44.8%	19.0%	NA*	35.9%	54.0%	45.3%	46.6%	41.1%	37.9%
	Discussed dangers of electronic vapor products^^	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	44.9%	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA**	40.4%
	Smoke cigarettes	96.8%	96.7%	100.0%	NA*	98.7%	94.6%	94.6%	94.7%	94.4%	95.9%
	Use smokeless tobacco	92.1%	90.2%	100.0%	NA*	100.0%	95.0%	93.9%	94.2%	94.2%	95.5%
Very wrong	Use electronic vapor product^^	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	95.0%	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA**	93.1%
for person	Drink alcohol	93.7%	88.5%	85.7%	NA*	90.0%	92.9%	88.0%	85.9%	85.8%	85.6%
your age to:	Use Marijuana	95.2%	96.7%	100.0%	NA*	98.8%	92.2%	90.9%	91.6%	93.1%	94.7%
	Misuse prescription drugs	98.4%	95.1%	100.0%	NA*	95.0%	96.5%	95.4%	95.4%	94.4%	94.5%
	Use other illegal substances	100.0%	98.4%	100.0%	NA*	100.0%	98.3%	98.3%	98.4%	98.6%	98.6%
Recall of Prevention Advertisement	Saw or Heard Anti-Alcohol or Anti-Substance Media in the Past 12 Months	NA**	83.9%	63.6%	NA*	56.4%	NA**	76.4%	72.3%	66.8%	60.5%
	Smoking 1 or more packs of cigarettes daily	74.6%	80.3%	54.5%	NA*	48.8%	65.8%	67.8%	63.0%	58.2%	58.5%
Perceived Great Risk of	Using electronic vapor product 1 or 2 times per week^^	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	28.8%	NA**	NA**	NA**	31.8%	34.1%
Harm From:	Binge drinking 1 or 2 times per week	57.1%	63.9%	40.9%	NA*	33.8%	50.8%	57.4%	43.1%	37.3%	40.5%
	Using Marijuana	82.5%	69.4%	68.2%	NA*	48.8%	69.1%	51.6%	48.0%	46.8%	51.1%
	Misusing prescription drugs	66.7%	67.7%	63.6%	NA*	57.5%	61.0%	59.5%	62.0%	56.3%	60.2%

Metric	Definition		10th Grad	de County-	Level^^^			10th Gra	ade State-L	evel^^^	
Wetric	Definition	2014	2016	2018	2021	2023	2014	2016	2018	2021	2023
				Substance	Use Outo	omes					
	Alcohol	43.5%	48.2%	72.0%	NA*	37.5%	40.5%	42.3%	44.3%	42.6%	35.1%
	Cigarettes	21.0%	21.4%	16.0%	NA*	10.5%	20.8%	17.5%	13.8%	10.1%	7.0%
	Electronic vapor product^^	NA**	30.4%	40.0%	NA*	22.8%	NA**	28.0%	37.6%	25.4%	18.2%
	Smokeless tobacco	19.7%	19.6%	20.0%	NA*	5.3%	11.9%	10.4%	8.5%	4.9%	3.8%
Lifetime	Marijuana	16.1%	14.3%	20.0%	NA*	8.9%	17.7%	17.4%	16.7%	15.2%	10.4%
Substance Use	LSD/other psychedelics	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%	NA*	1.8%	2.0%	2.7%	2.3%	2.2%	1.4%
	Cocaine/crack	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	NA*	0.0%	1.3%	1.0%	0.7%	0.7%	0.4%
	Meth	0.0%	1.8%	0.0%	NA*	0.0%	0.7%	0.5%	0.5%	0.3%	0.3%
	Inhalants	3.2%	5.4%	4.0%	NA*	0.0%	3.5%	3.2%	3.6%	4.1%	2.7%
	Prescription drugs	0.0%	3.6%	0.0%	NA*	0.0%	5.0%	5.6%	4.3%	5.5%	3.2%
	Alcohol	17.7%	21.4%	40.0%	NA*	14.3%	15.9%	20.0%	20.1%	18.2%	14.3%
	Binge drinking	16.1%	12.5%	15.4%	NA*	7.1%	9.5%	6.9%	6.2%	6.3%	5.1%
	Alcohol with other substance	NA**	NA**	NA***	NA*	20.0%	NA**	NA**	11.6%	11.3%	11.4%
Past 30-Day	Cigarettes	9.7%	5.4%	4.0%	NA*	3.5%	7.6%	6.7%	4.1%	1.8%	1.6%
Substance Use	Electronic vapor product^^	NA**	12.5%	24.0%	NA*	12.3%	NA**	12.3%	24.7%	14.3%	8.9%
	Smokeless tobacco	12.9%	12.5%	4.0%	NA*	5.3%	7.1%	6.1%	5.4%	2.5%	2.5%
	Marijuana	11.3%	5.4%	12.0%	NA*	3.6%	7.6%	8.8%	7.3%	7.6%	4.7%
	Prescription drugs	0.0%	1.8%	0.0%	NA*	0.0%	2.2%	2.6%	1.4%	1.6%	0.9%
	Drove a car under the influence of alcohol	0.0%	5.4%	0.0%	NA*	5.4%	1.8%	2.1%	2.7%	1.8%	2.6%
Past 30-Day	Rode in a car driven by someone under the influence of alcohol	21.3%	23.2%	26.9%	NA*	19.6%	15.7%	12.4%	16.7%	14.3%	16.1%
Impaired Driving	Drove a car under the influence of Marijuana	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	3.6%	NA**	NA**	NA**	3.0%	2.1%
	Rode in a car driven by someone under the influence of Marijuana	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	3.6%	NA**	NA**	NA**	8.9%	7.0%

B	D. C. W.		10th Grad	de County-	Level^^^			10th Gra	ade State-L	_evel^^^	
Metric	Definition	2014	2016	2018	2021	2023	2014	2016	2018	2021	2023
				Mental Ho	ealth Outco	omes					
	Lost Sleep	NA**	10.7%	16.0%	NA*	14.0%	NA**	19.5%	20.6%	23.7%	20.1%
	Depressed	NA**	19.6%	36.0%	NA*	35.1%	NA**	33.9%	34.8%	42.0%	35.0%
Past 12	Inflicted self- harm	NA**	16.1%	16.0%	NA*	10.5%	NA**	14.3%	13.7%	17.5%	13.9%
Months Mental Health	Considered attempting suicide	NA**	17.9%	24.0%	NA*	15.8%	NA**	17.3%	17.7%	20.2%	13.8%
	Attempted suicide	NA**	3.6%	0.0%	NA*	1.8%	NA**	4.6%	4.3%	5.5%	3.6%
	Difficult to concentrate	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	27.3%	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA**	33.0%
			Ве	havioral F	lealth Risk	Factors					
	Smoked cigarettes	9.7%	10.7%	0.0%	NA*	3.5%	8.1%	6.6%	5.6%	4.8%	3.3%
Age of First Use (12 or	Electronic vapor product^^	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	3.5%	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA**	4.3%
Younger)	Drank alcohol	9.7%	10.7%	29.2%	NA*	3.5%	10.4%	10.0%	11.0%	11.3%	9.3%
	Smoked Marijuana	6.5%	1.8%	0.0%	NA*	1.9%	2.9%	2.9%	2.9%	2.2%	1.7%
Perception	Smoked cigarettes	26.2%	16.5%	6.7%	NA*	10.7%	23.1%	20.6%	16.6%	17.2%	14.0%
of Peer's Past 30-Day	Used electronic vapor product^^	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	30.9%	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA**	33.9%
Substance Use	Drank alcohol	33.9%	25.1%	32.5%	NA*	21.2%	32.0%	30.7%	28.1%	30.4%	29.2%
030	Used Marijuana	21.5%	19.6%	10.6%	NA*	10.4%	24.4%	24.6%	20.3%	21.2%	18.4%
Experienced	Physically	NA**	19.6%	8.0%	NA*	24.6%	NA**	19.9%	17.2%	15.3%	15.7%
bullying in	Verbally	NA**	42.9%	52.0%	NA*	49.1%	NA**	50.9%	45.8%	42.3%	43.1%
past 12	Socially	NA**	44.6%	52.0%	NA*	42.1%	NA**	45.2%	43.0%	39.1%	39.8%
months	Electronically	25.8%	17.9%	20.0%	NA*	22.8%	19.3%	23.4%	21.4%	21.4%	19.4%
	Alcohol	62.3%	65.5%	68.0%	NA*	38.2%	55.5%	52.8%	53.7%	47.8%	46.2%
Sort of Easy	Marijuana	33.3%	42.9%	24.0%	NA*	14.5%	34.6%	34.9%	32.5%	25.9%	22.3%
or Very Easy to Obtain	Prescription drugs	19.7%	30.4%	23.1%	NA*	9.1%	28.2%	26.4%	26.5%	19.7%	19.4%
Substance	Cigarettes	42.6%	58.9%	NA**	NA*	21.8%	43.6%	39.8%	NA**	NA**	23.7%
	Electronic vapor products^^	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	32.7%	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA**	35.4%

Matuia	Definition		10th Grad	de County-	Level^^^			10th Gra	ade State-L	_evel^^^	
Metric	Definition	2014	2016	2018	2021	2023	2014	2016	2018	2021	2023
			Behav	ioral Healt	h Protectiv	e Factors					
Experiences at	Grades were A's and B's	80.3%	80.7%	65.4%	NA*	87.7%	78.4%	79.7%	80.8%	78.4%	79.5%
School	Felt safe	87.1%	92.9%	88.5%	NA*	91.2%	87.2%	87.1%	88.5%	86.7%	87.6%
	Help for personal problems^	88.5%	82.1%	80.8%	NA*	87.3%	80.1%	82.4%	81.8%	83.4%	81.1%
Experiences with Families	Discussed dangers of alcohol	27.9%	41.8%	26.9%	NA*	28.6%	50.3%	41.8%	46.0%	42.5%	45.8%
	Discussed dangers of electronic vapor products^^	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	30.4%	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA**	45.4%
	Smoke cigarettes	83.9%	91.2%	80.0%	NA*	94.6%	86.1%	87.4%	89.9%	88.9%	93.0%
	Use smokeless tobacco	75.8%	84.2%	72.0%	NA*	92.9%	84.3%	84.9%	88.1%	87.2%	91.5%
Very wrong for	Use electronic vapor product^^	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	87.7%	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA**	87.0%
person your	Drink alcohol	80.6%	80.7%	44.0%	NA*	77.2%	78.6%	74.7%	74.5%	69.3%	75.8%
age to:	Use Marijuana	86.9%	87.7%	83.3%	NA*	91.2%	80.5%	76.3%	80.8%	77.6%	88.1%
	Misuse prescription drugs	91.9%	98.2%	96.0%	NA*	94.7%	93.4%	92.8%	94.7%	92.1%	93.5%
	Use other illegal substances	98.4%	100.0%	100.0%	NA*	98.2%	96.3%	96.1%	97.2%	96.4%	97.6%
Recall of Prevention Advertisement	Saw or Heard Anti-Alcohol or Anti-Substance Media in the Past 12 Months	NA**	69.6%	84.6%	NA*	50.9%	NA**	78.1%	75.1%	68.7%	66.1%
	Smoking 1 or more packs of cigarettes daily	62.9%	74.5%	68.0%	NA*	66.7%	65.7%	69.3%	67.1%	59.9%	59.3%
Perceived	Using electronic vapor product 1 or 2 times per week^^	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	31.6%	NA**	NA**	NA**	29.3%	33.1%
Great Risk of Harm From:	Binge drinking 1 or 2 times per week	50.0%	42.9%	28.0%	NA*	36.8%	45.4%	54.1%	42.1%	33.7%	39.3%
	Using Marijuana	63.9%	46.4%	40.0%	NA*	47.3%	52.3%	36.3%	37.8%	33.4%	40.6%
	Misusing prescription drugs	71.0%	73.2%	68.0%	NA*	63.2%	59.8%	59.0%	64.9%	60.1%	60.4%

M. (.)	D. C. W.		12th Gra	de County	-Level^^^			12th Gr	ade State-l	_evel^^^	
Metric	Definition	2014	2016	2018	2021	2023	2014	2016	2018	2021	2023
				Substan	ce Use Out	comes					
	Alcohol	72.9%	63.6%	64.7%	NA*	56.3%	60.0%	61.2%	62.0%	58.3%	52.1%
	Cigarettes	47.9%	31.5%	52.9%	NA*	10.4%	34.9%	28.6%	24.7%	15.8%	14.1%
	Electronic vapor product^^	NA**	48.1%	52.9%	NA*	33.3%	NA**	43.4%	52.3%	38.7%	30.2%
	Smokeless tobacco	31.3%	40.0%	31.3%	NA*	6.3%	21.6%	18.3%	16.2%	9.3%	7.8%
Lifetime Substance	Marijuana	31.3%	37.0%	17.6%	NA*	14.6%	30.3%	32.4%	29.9%	27.0%	22.8%
Use	LSD/other psychedelics	2.1%	5.5%	5.9%	NA*	0.0%	4.2%	5.7%	5.3%	4.3%	4.1%
	Cocaine/crack	2.1%	3.6%	5.9%	NA*	0.0%	2.7%	3.1%	2.5%	1.3%	1.3%
	Meth	0.0%	0.0%	5.9%	NA*	0.0%	1.4%	1.0%	0.9%	0.5%	0.4%
	Inhalants	6.3%	7.3%	5.9%	NA*	0.0%	3.2%	2.7%	3.3%	3.1%	2.8%
	Prescription drugs	4.2%	9.1%	0.0%	NA*	4.2%	9.2%	9.1%	8.1%	5.1%	4.3%
	Alcohol	22.9%	38.2%	29.4%	NA*	36.2%	29.6%	34.4%	34.2%	31.9%	26.0%
	Binge drinking	14.6%	23.6%	29.4%	NA*	10.4%	21.2%	16.1%	15.0%	13.7%	11.5%
	Alcohol with other substance	NA**	NA**	NA***	NA*	21.4%	NA**	NA**	13.9%	10.5%	11.9%
Past 30-Day	Cigarettes	25.0%	12.7%	6.3%	NA*	2.1%	15.8%	11.9%	8.7%	3.8%	3.8%
Substance Use	Electronic vapor product^^	NA**	29.1%	35.3%	NA*	8.3%	NA**	18.7%	37.3%	21.0%	16.2%
	Smokeless tobacco	22.9%	18.2%	23.5%	NA*	6.3%	12.8%	10.2%	10.1%	4.1%	4.7%
	Marijuana	12.5%	18.2%	5.9%	NA*	10.4%	12.7%	15.7%	13.9%	12.5%	9.7%
	Prescription drugs	0.0%	3.6%	0.0%	NA*	0.0%	3.3%	3.4%	2.2%	1.7%	1.3%
	Drove a car under the influence of alcohol	4.2%	9.3%	17.6%	NA*	4.2%	8.0%	6.4%	7.6%	5.9%	5.8%
Past 30-Day	Rode in a car driven by someone under the influence of alcohol	16.7%	18.2%	11.8%	NA*	6.3%	15.9%	13.3%	16.1%	13.5%	14.6%
Impaired Driving	Drove a car under the influence of Marijuana	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	4.2%	NA**	NA**	NA**	6.8%	5.7%
	Rode in a car driven by someone under the influence of Marijuana	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	10.4%	NA**	NA**	NA**	10.4%	10.1%

BB - 6-2 -	D. C. W.		12th Grad	de County-	Level^^^			12th Gra	ade State-L	_evel^^^	
Metric	Definition	2014	2016	2018	2021	2023	2014	2016	2018	2021	2023
				Mental H	ealth Outo	omes					
	Lost Sleep	NA**	14.8%	17.6%	NA*	8.3%	NA**	18.9%	21.6%	23.4%	20.8%
	Depressed	NA**	16.7%	17.6%	NA*	35.4%	NA**	33.5%	35.3%	42.9%	38.0%
Past 12	Inflicted self- harm	NA**	11.1%	23.5%	NA*	10.4%	NA**	11.3%	12.7%	13.6%	11.7%
Months Mental Health	Considered attempting suicide	NA**	16.7%	5.9%	NA*	10.4%	NA**	14.8%	16.3%	17.1%	14.1%
	Attempted suicide	NA**	3.7%	5.9%	NA*	2.1%	NA**	3.6%	3.9%	3.7%	2.7%
	Difficult to concentrate	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	31.9%	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA**	33.0%
			В	ehavioral l	lealth Risl	(Factors					
	Smoked cigarettes	6.8%	5.6%	11.8%	NA*	2.1%	7.5%	6.5%	5.4%	4.3%	3.9%
Age of First Use (12 or	Electronic vapor product^^	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	2.1%	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA**	3.5%
Younger)	Drank alcohol	4.5%	7.4%	23.5%	NA*	12.5%	8.6%	7.9%	7.7%	7.6%	6.6%
	Smoked Marijuana	0.0%	3.7%	0.0%	NA*	0.0%	2.8%	2.5%	2.6%	1.5%	1.7%
Perception	Smoked cigarettes	25.2%	20.1%	11.2%	NA*	13.9%	27.2%	24.3%	18.8%	17.3%	14.3%
of Peer's Past 30-Day Substance	Used electronic vapor product^^	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	31.5%	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA**	39.4%
Use	Drank alcohol	47.4%	44.7%	34.9%	NA*	31.2%	42.4%	42.8%	35.0%	37.6%	37.1%
	Used Marijuana	18.4%	26.4%	8.6%	NA*	21.7%	27.9%	30.3%	23.9%	26.3%	23.1%
Experienced	Physically	NA**	13.0%	23.5%	NA*	20.8%	NA**	12.2%	11.8%	10.3%	11.2%
bullying in	Verbally	NA**	32.7%	35.3%	NA*	47.9%	NA**	42.3%	39.5%	37.4%	37.0%
past 12	Socially	NA**	32.7%	29.4%	NA*	41.7%	NA**	40.1%	39.5%	37.8%	37.9%
months	Electronically	18.8%	16.4%	23.5%	NA*	16.7%	17.1%	20.1%	19.3%	18.9%	17.7%
	Alcohol	85.4%	77.8%	88.2%	NA*	51.1%	68.5%	67.4%	66.0%	58.1%	59.9%
Sort of Easy	Marijuana	56.3%	44.4%	41.2%	NA*	31.9%	49.0%	49.8%	46.3%	37.0%	35.5%
or Very Easy to	Prescription drugs	39.6%	37.0%	41.2%	NA*	21.3%	34.9%	32.0%	29.3%	20.7%	19.0%
Obtain Substance	Cigarettes	75.0%	75.9%	NA**	NA*	31.9%	67.5%	62.9%	NA**	NA**	33.9%
Justinio	Electronic vapor products^^	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	48.9%	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA**	49.8%

Matria	Definition		12th Grad	le County	Level^^^			12th Gra	ide State-I	_evel^^^	
Metric	Definition	2014	2016	2018	2021	2023	2014	2016	2018	2021	2023
			Behavio	ral Health	Protective	Factors					
Experiences	Grades were A's and B's	81.3%	70.9%	87.5%	NA*	77.1%	80.1%	80.1%	82.7%	83.8%	80.4%
at School	Felt safe	88.6%	79.2%	94.1%	NA*	93.8%	90.6%	89.4%	89.9%	89.4%	90.8%
	Help for personal problems^	79.2%	83.6%	70.6%	NA*	80.9%	80.1%	82.4%	83.4%	83.2%	81.6%
Experiences	Discussed dangers of alcohol	36.2%	27.8%	17.6%	NA*	42.6%	46.0%	38.3%	44.8%	41.6%	46.5%
with Families	Discussed dangers of electronic vapor products^^	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	38.3%	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA**	43.3%
	Smoke cigarettes	59.1%	74.1%	64.7%	NA*	85.1%	72.3%	72.8%	74.6%	80.5%	84.2%
	Use smokeless tobacco	50.0%	63.0%	64.7%	NA*	87.5%	69.0%	69.5%	72.0%	77.3%	82.6%
Very wrong	Use electronic vapor product^^	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	75.0%	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA**	77.4%
for person	Drink alcohol	50.0%	58.5%	52.9%	NA*	63.8%	62.2%	58.5%	57.1%	53.5%	59.3%
your age to:	Use Marijuana	68.2%	68.5%	81.3%	NA*	83.0%	70.5%	63.5%	69.3%	64.3%	74.3%
	Misuse prescription drugs	90.9%	92.6%	100.0%	NA*	89.6%	90.6%	91.7%	93.0%	91.9%	93.2%
	Use other illegal substances	93.2%	96.3%	94.1%	NA*	95.8%	95.4%	94.5%	94.6%	95.4%	96.3%
Recall of Prevention Advertisement	Saw or Heard Anti- Alcohol or Anti- Substance Media in the Past 12 Months	NA**	72.2%	76.5%	NA*	68.1%	NA**	78.1%	75.1%	71.3%	67.3%
	Smoking 1 or more packs of cigarettes daily	64.6%	66.7%	64.7%	NA*	66.7%	65.3%	69.5%	67.3%	59.4%	58.1%
Perceived	Using electronic vapor product 1 or 2 times per week^^	NA**	NA**	NA**	NA*	31.9%	NA**	NA**	NA**	25.6%	29.3%
Great Risk of Harm From:	Binge drinking 1 or 2 times per week	41.7%	53.7%	29.4%	NA*	31.3%	40.1%	47.1%	36.4%	29.6%	32.1%
	Using Marijuana	41.7%	30.2%	35.3%	NA*	35.4%	41.2%	24.7%	30.0%	23.1%	30.6%
	Misusing prescription drugs	62.5%	64.2%	52.9%	NA*	63.8%	58.1%	58.4%	66.9%	61.6%	64.4%

Notes:

[^] Prior to 2016, the question asked students about their "parents" or "mom or dad". In 2016, the wording was changed to "parents or caregivers". ^^ Prior to 2021, electronic vapor products were not included.

^{^^^} The number of students and/or school districts included from year to year could vary due to schools participating in some administrations and not others. As a result, these trend findings should be approached with some caution.

* Report is not available for this year.

** Question was not included in this year's survey.

^{***} Data not available due to participation number being less than 10.

APPENDIX B: Contacts for Prevention

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